



Knowledge Transfer





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LivingLab A Social-Technological Platform for Making Sense of (Medical) Data

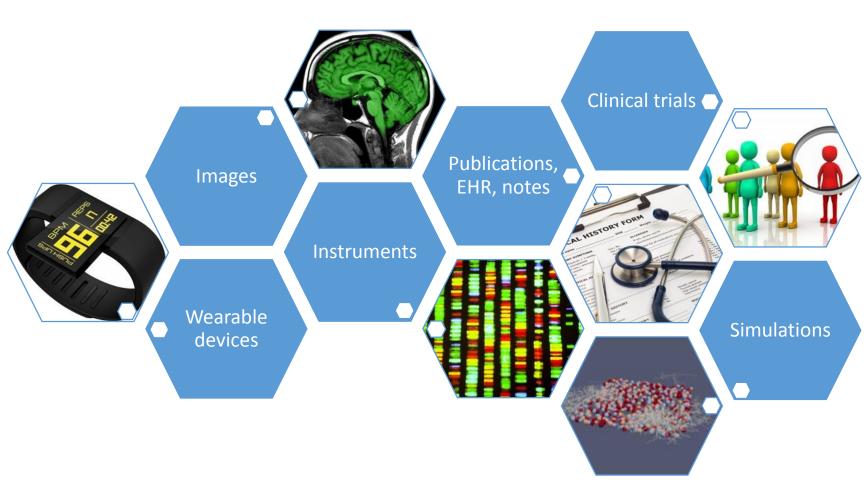
Status Update

Alberto Di Meglio – CERN openlab Head

David Manset – Be-ys Board Member

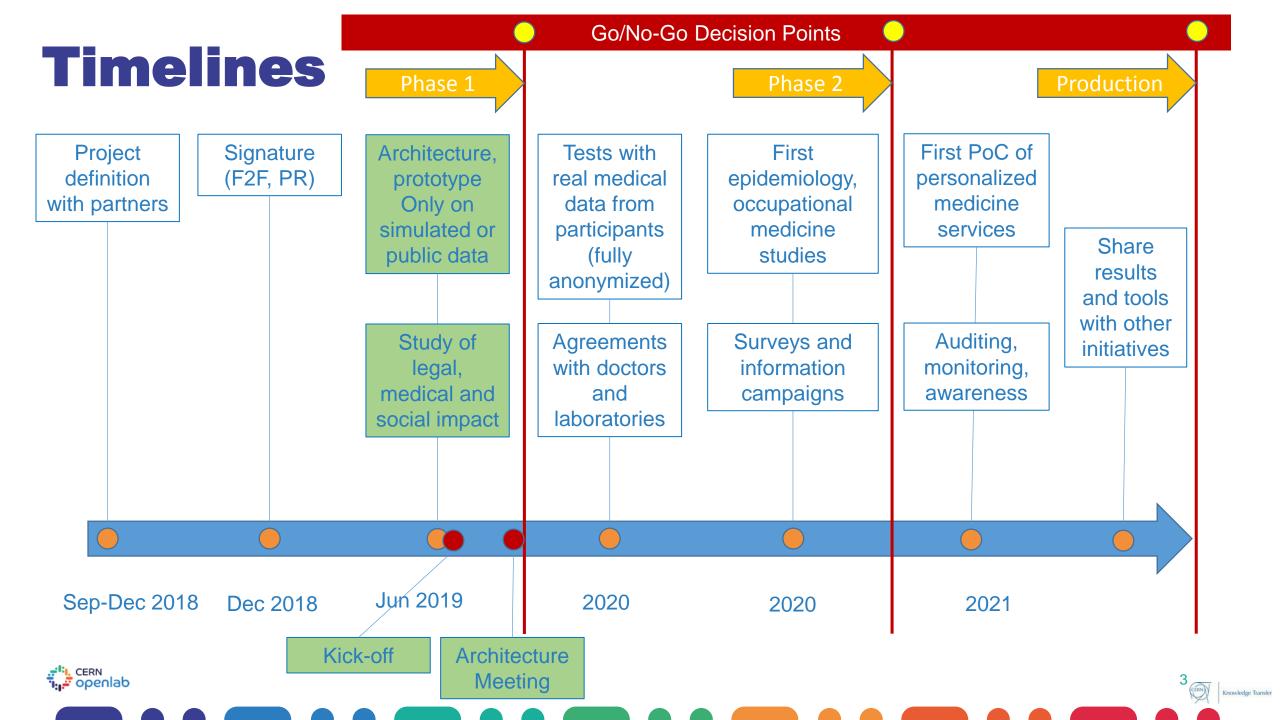
23/01/2020

Medical Data Deluge

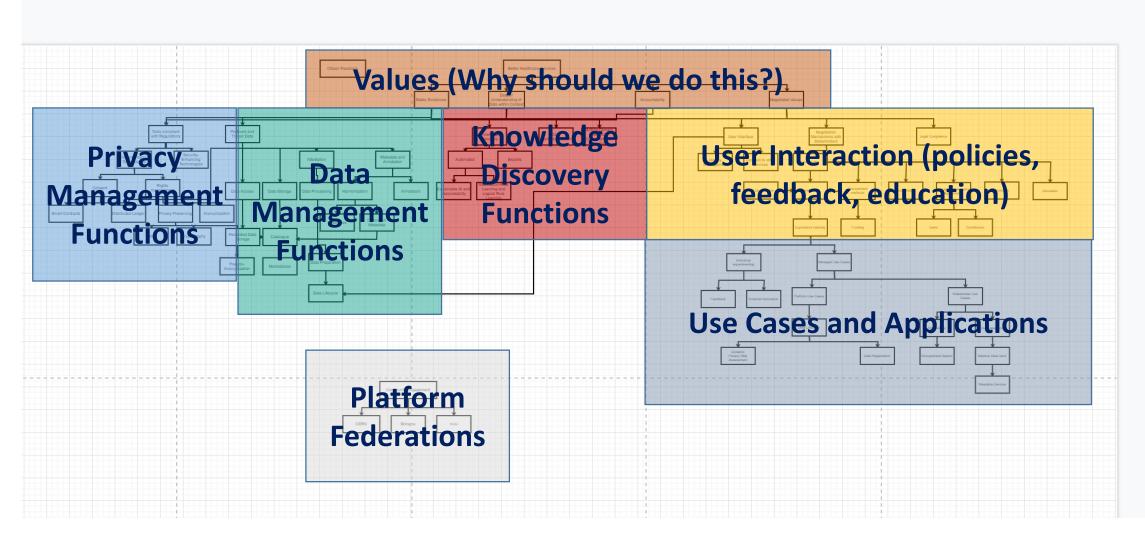


[1] Esteva A. et al., A Guide to Deep Learning in Healthcare, in Nature – Medicine, Vol. 25, Jan 2019, 24-29
 [2] https://www.statista.com/statistics/292837/global-wearable-device-mobile-data-traffic/

- "150 EBytes of medical data in the US, growing 48% annually" [1]
- Cost of instruments and laboratory equipment decreasing fast (e.g. sub-1k\$ genomic sequencers)
- Medical and fitness
 wearable devices on
 the rise, projected
 data produced in 2020
 335 PB/month [2]



Current plans





CERN openlab Knowledge Sharing Platforms

Projects in 2020

- Set up different "sister" LivingLab platforms in a few different locations
 - CERN platform based on the Analytix cluster managed by IT-DB
- Focus on 2-3 core platform projects and a number (at least 2) of use cases or demonstrators
 - Core 1: Data lifecycle with privacy constraints with specific attention to data ingestion
 - Core 2: Privacy-preserving analysis methods (differential privacy, homomorphic encryption)
 - Core 3: Dynamic assessment of privacy handling requirements
 - UC 1: Deep-learning-based classification/anomaly detection of Parkinson's symptoms from wearable devices
 - UC 2: Privacy-compliant data aggregator from multiple sources
- Start an information campaign to collect feedback and raise awareness
 - How is sharing of personal data for research purpose perceived?
 - Under which conditions would you do it?
 - Do we comply with all necessary regulations?

• Start from anonymous, non-sensitive data, move from there CERN openIab Knowledge Sharing Platforms

Background Research

MyHealthMyData www.myhealthmydata.eu



MyHealthMyData (MH-MD) Patient-Controlled and Blockchain-Enabled Data Privacy in Healthcare

Horizon 2020 Call: ICT-18-2016 Topic: Big data PPP: privacy-preserving big data technologies



Project Facts

- Budget: 3'455'190,00 euros
- Blockchain platform to handle personal data transactions
- Duration: 36 months
- 15 partners : SIEMENS, 5 EU SMEs, 4 hospitals, 3 research centers and 3 universities
- Started in November 2016

Project Results

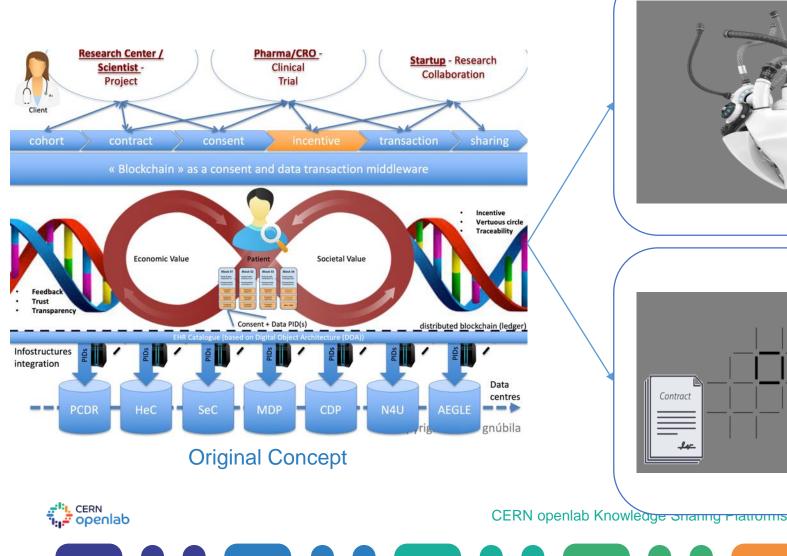
- EU pilot deployed in 4 sites
- Unique GDPR blockchain model
- Technology transfer to industry
- Extension to cybersecurity and privacy assessment : EU H2020 CUREX

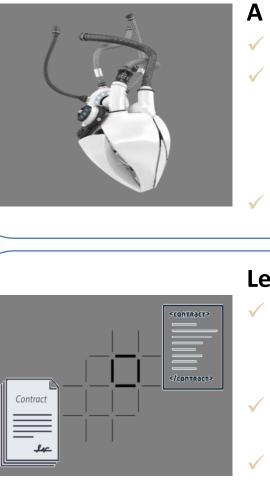


Core Concept & Model

[3] M.Koscina, A. Bayle, D. Manset, O. Perez. When Blockchain Meets the Right to be Forgotten: Technology Versus Law for the Healthcare Industry. In IEEE/WIC/ACM Intl Conference on Web Intelligence, Santiago, Chile, 3-7 December 2018.

GDPR Blockchain





A unique blockchain model

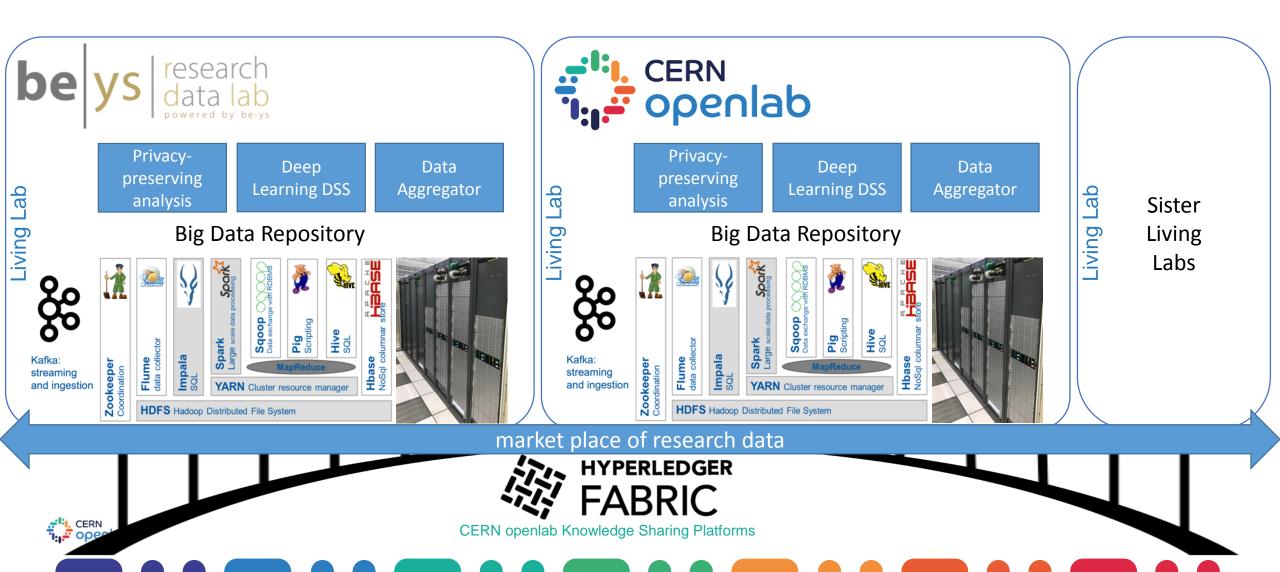
- ✓ GDPR compliant
- Innovative combination of 3 crypto
 - ✓ Proof of Existence
 - Proof of Matching
 - Proof Of Privacy
- ✓ Anonymous GDPR registry

Legal automation

- Smart contracts
 - Transparency
 - ✓ Code is law
- **Extensible** to cope with evolving regulations
- Value data economically and societally

Reference Architecture

CERN Openlab, CERN IT-DB and Be-ys



Further collabotation with EU H2020 MyHealthMyData and EU H2020 CUREX projects

Approach the French Health Data Hub to co-devise a European strategy and roadmap to interconnect national hubs

Apply to OpenQKD call as a possible use-case for health data exchanges across EU













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